



**USAID**  
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

**SOLICITATION NUMBER:** 72DFFP20R00010  
**ISSUANCE DATE:** April 15, 2020  
**CLOSING DATE AND TIME:** May 13, 2020  
4:00 P.M. Eastern Time

**SUBJECT:** Solicitation for **U.S. Personal Service Contractor (USPSC)**

Dear Prospective Offerors:

The United States Government (USG), represented by the U.S. Agency for International Development's (USAID) Office of Food for Peace (FFP), is seeking offers from qualified U.S. citizens to provide personal services as a Food for Peace Officer – Venezuela Regional Crisis under a United States Personal Services Contract (USPSC), as described in the solicitation.

Submittals must be in accordance with the attached information at the place and time specified. Offerors interested in applying for this position **MUST** submit the following materials:

**1. Complete resume.** In order to fully evaluate your offer, your resume must include:  
(See sample resume on [www.ffpjobs.com](http://www.ffpjobs.com) website)

- (a) Paid and non-paid experience, job title, location(s), dates held (month/year), and hours worked per week for each position. Dates (month/year) and locations for all field experience must also be detailed. **Any experience that does not include dates (month/year), locations, and hours per week will not be counted towards meeting the solicitation requirements.**
- (b) Specific duties performed that fully detail the level and complexity of the work.
- (c) Names and contact information (phone/email) of your current and/or previous supervisor(s). Current and/or previous supervisor(s) may be contacted for a reference.
- (d) Education and any other qualifications including job-related training courses, job-related skills, or job-related honors, awards, or accomplishments.
- (e) U.S. Citizenship.

Your resume should contain sufficient information to make a valid determination that you fully meet the experience requirements as stated in this solicitation. This information should be clearly identified in your resume. Failure to provide information sufficient to determine your qualifications for the position will result in loss of full consideration.

- 2. Responses to the Quality Ranking Factors (QRFs):** Each offeror's supplemental document must address the QRFs shown in the solicitation.
- 3. USPSC Application form AID 309-2:** Offerors are required to complete sections A through I. This form must be physically signed and scanned. **Electronic signatures will not be accepted.**

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All USPSCs with a place of performance in the United States are required to have a Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number and be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database prior to receiving an offer. You will be disqualified if you either fail to comply with this requirement or if your name appears on the excluded parties list. Registration information is available at [www.sam.gov](http://www.sam.gov) and further guidance will be provided to the selectee regarding DUNS and SAM registration.

**The submission of additional documents submitted will not be accepted.** Incomplete or late offers will not be considered. FFP reserves the right to select additional candidates if vacancies become available during future phases of the selection process.

Offerors can expect to receive a confirmation email when offer materials have been received. Offerors should retain for their records copies of all enclosures which accompany their offers. Your complete resume, signed and scanned AID 309-2 form, and the supplemental document addressing the QRFs must be emailed to:

**FFP PSC Recruitment Team**

E-Mail Address: [ffprecruitmentteam@usaid.gov](mailto:ffprecruitmentteam@usaid.gov)

Any questions on this solicitation may be directed to FFP PSC Recruitment Team via the information provided above. Further guidance on applying, including a sample resume, can be found at [www.ffpjobs.com](http://www.ffpjobs.com).

This solicitation in no way obligates USAID to award a PSC contract, nor does it commit USAID to pay any cost incurred in the preparation and submission of the offer.

Sincerely,

/s/

Patrice Lee  
Contracting Officer

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**ATTACHMENT 1**

**I. GENERAL INFORMATION**

- 1. SOLICITATION NO.:** 72DFFP20R00010
- 2. ISSUANCE DATE:** April 15, 2020
- 3. CLOSING DATE AND TIME FOR RECEIPT OF OFFERS:** May 13, 2020, 4:00 P.M. Eastern Time
- 4. POINT OF CONTACT:** FFP PSC Recruitment Team, [ffprecrutmentteam@usaid.gov](mailto:ffprecrutmentteam@usaid.gov)
- 5. POSITION TITLE:** Food for Peace Officer – Venezuela Regional Crisis
- 6. MARKET VALUE:** This position has been designated as a tandem position that, depending on the qualifications of the candidate, can be filled at either the GS-13 (\$78,681- \$102,288) or GS-14 (\$92,977- \$120,868) equivalent level, with non-locality pay. Final Grade will be determined by the candidate's established work history, qualifications and education. Final compensation will be negotiated within the listed market value and based upon the candidate's established salary history. **Salaries over and above the top of the pay range will not be entertained or negotiated.**

NOTE CONCERNING MARKET VALUE: The offeror(s) chosen for the position will be recommended for hire at either the GS-13 or GS-14 level commensurate with his/her overall experience, training, and qualifications as determined by the FFP Selection Committee.

- 7. PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE:** One (1) year with four (4) one-year options.
- 8. PLACE OF PERFORMANCE:** Worldwide

Offerors for the Senior Food Security Advisor - Venezuela position must be willing to be posted at any location. The potential posts are listed as follows, but the location of service could be ultimately determined by the location of future unknown operational requirements. FFP currently has established positions in Venezuela, Colombia, and Costa Rica. FFP also has staff assigned to Washington, D.C. to support the Venezuela response. Travel for this position may include Washington, D.C.; Miami, Florida; Caracas, Venezuela; Bogota, Colombia; San Jose, Costa Rica; and other locations as needed, to coordinate with the Venezuela Response Team in Washington, Venezuela DART, and other entities involved in the ongoing humanitarian responses in Venezuela. Initial post assignments will be based on each applicant's understanding of FFP and the region, each applicant's background (i.e., language, regional experience, etc.), and available post vacancies at the time of award.

- 9. ELIGIBLE OFFERORS:** U.S. Citizens

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**10. SECURITY LEVEL REQUIRED:** Ability to obtain and maintain a Secret up to Top Secret/Sensitive Compartmented Information level clearance within nine months following the job offer acceptance.

**11. STATEMENT OF WORK:**

**BACKGROUND**

USAID's Office of Food for Peace (FFP) predicts, prevents, and responds to hunger overseas. Through its emergency food assistance activities, FFP saves lives, reduces suffering, and supports the early recovery of people affected by conflict and natural disaster emergencies, including refugees.

FFP also addresses the root causes of food insecurity and helps individuals and communities withstand future crises and lay the foundation for stable, inclusive growth. FFP development activities help chronically food insecure populations reduce their long-term need for food assistance by helping communities improve access to food for their most vulnerable people, especially women and children.

FFP works closely with other parts of USAID, especially the Bureau for Food Security, which plays a key role in implementing the U.S. Government's Feed the Future initiative, and the Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA), which leads on disaster response around the world. FFP employs a staff of over 140 in Washington and also has officers posted abroad.

More information on FFP is available at: <https://www.usaid.gov/food-assistance>.

**INTRODUCTION**

Deteriorating economic and political conditions—characterized by extreme hyperinflation and severe shortages of food—in the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela are contributing to a slow-onset complex emergency and increasing humanitarian needs in the country. In particular, hyperinflation and a constrained food supply continue to result in unaffordable food prices, livelihood opportunities remain limited, and many households struggle to afford enough nutritious food. As of 2018, 87 percent of households in Venezuela reported not being able to purchase enough food on a daily basis.

The crisis in Venezuela has also triggered an influx of Venezuelans into neighboring countries, including Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru. The population influx is straining the capacity of host governments to respond to humanitarian needs and contributing to increased public health concerns through the region. In light of the need for emergency food assistance, FFP will continue to support food security-focused humanitarian assistance activities supporting Venezuelans and other populations affected the crisis throughout Latin America and the Caribbean.

In order to address this crisis, USAID has stood up a regional Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) in San Jose, Costa Rica, and Bogota, Colombia as well as a Response Management Team (RMT) headquartered in Washington, DC. FFP intends to hire and place one or more Food for

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Peace Officers – Venezuela Regional Crisis (FFPO) in Bogota, Colombia; San Jose, Costa Rica; Caracas, Venezuela; Miami, Florida; or Washington, DC and/or other locations, as needed, to support the response to this regional crisis. The incumbent is deployed by, and works under the authority of, FFP/Washington and reports to the Regional FFP Division Chief in Washington. In Colombia or Costa Rica, the incumbent serves as a member of the USAID/DART team under the authority of the Ambassador/Chief of Mission. While a DART is deployed, the incumbent works as a member of the DART unit, coordinating tasks with and serving under the operational authority of the DART Team Leader.

**12. CORE FUNCTIONAL AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY:**

The incumbent manages, monitors, and reports on USAID’s FFP-funded food assistance programs in the countries affected by the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent may be required to travel to the affected countries, subject to approvals from U.S. Embassies and USAID Missions, and in coordination with the DART. The incumbent ensures the effective management of FFP resources provided for the assigned countries. The incumbent provides programmatic support, oversight, and monitoring for FFP-funded food assistance programs in the assigned countries. The incumbent serves on the DART, insofar as a DART continues to be present in the region, and coordinates closely with FFP Officers working on the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The full range of specific duties, some of which are in direct support of FFP-funded programs and some in support of general FFP requirements, include the following:

*At the GS-13 Equivalent level:*

- Serve within the DART, insofar as a DART continues to be present in the region;
- Serve as a primary point of contact for non-governmental organizations (NGO) and public international organizations (PIO), such as World Food Programme (WFP) and the United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF) implementing FFP-funded programs, U.S. Government (USG) representatives, and others on FFP food security issues in the regions;
- Analyze and assess data from a variety of sources-including field assessments, technical data, early warning information, and reporting from USAID field staff, NGOs, and PIOs-to recommend appropriate food assistance responses;
- Monitor and report on implementation of ongoing FFP-funded programs, including progress and problems encountered by grantees, as well as commodity management, including following up with cooperating sponsors on the status of lost claims;
- Advise and guide FFP-funded implementing partners on interpretation and execution of FFP-funded food assistance regulations, policies, and procedures;
- Report on all food security issues, to include changes in the food security situation and food assistance requirements, government policies and actions affecting food assistance programs, government food assistance programs, and donor pledges and programs;

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- As the FFP expert, coordinate with the country team (consisting of the USAID Mission, U.S. Embassy, and/or other USG in-country staff), host government, NGOs, PIOs, and donors on issues that may directly impact food assistance programming;
- Undertake and report on assessments to inform FFP food assistance funding decisions or modifications to ongoing programs;
- Serve as the food assistance expert, working with other USG agencies and other donors to promote integration of food assistance with other programs to increase the effectiveness of the programs overall; and
- As needed, serve on short-term assignments with other USAID offices or bureaus in direct support of FFP programs. These placements shall not exceed three (3) months).

***At the GS-14 Equivalent level:***

In addition to the duties performed at the GS-13 equivalent level, the GS-14 equivalent level incumbent performs the following duties:

- As requested by the DART and (where relevant) USAID Mission, provide support for the execution of programs that support the overall USG humanitarian assistance objectives responding to the Venezuela Regional Crisis; and
- Supervise other FFP staff, in the event any are deployed to the assigned country(ies), as needed.

**Supervisory Relationship:**

At the GS-13 and GS-14 equivalent levels, the incumbent's supervisor is the FFP Regional Division Chief or his/her designee. The incumbent serves under the authority of the Ambassador/Chief of Mission, in the country where he/she is deployed, as with all U.S. government staff. During Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) deployment, the incumbent works as a member of the DART unit, coordinating tasks directly with and serving under the operational authority of the DART Team Leader. The incumbent is expected to take initiative and act independently with little direction and has latitude to exercise independent judgment in responding to food assistance issues.

**Supervisory Controls:**

At the GS-13 equivalent level, the incumbent works with his/her supervisor to develop deadlines, projects and work performed, while independently planning, designing, and carrying out projects. With input from the supervisor, the incumbent interprets policies in terms of established objectives for FFP's strategic response to Venezuela Regional Crisis. The supervisor evaluates work for technical soundness, appropriateness, and conformity to policy requirements. Completed work is reviewed for effectiveness in advancing USAID's Food Security policy, FFP's Strategic Plan, and

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Bureau for Democracy, Conflict, and Humanitarian Assistance (DCHA) objectives as enunciated in the annual results reports/resource request submissions

At the GS-14 equivalent level, the supervisor provides administrative direction in terms of broadly defining missions and functions while the incumbent independently plans, designs, and carries out projects. The incumbent is responsible for planning approaches or methodologies used in carrying out FFP programming for the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent carries out assignments and keeps his/her supervisor informed on progress towards achieving those objectives and/or potential controversial matters. The supervisor will evaluate for technical soundness and effectiveness in successfully meeting the work objectives.

**Performance Guidelines:**

Pertinent sources of information consist of the Food for Peace ACT, the Foreign Assistance Act, other legislative initiatives, FFP issued guidelines, information bulletins, and USAID Agency and DCHA Bureau rules and regulations.

At the GS-13 equivalent level, under the direction of FFP leadership, the incumbent uses initiative and resourcefulness in developing new methods and proposes policy changes. The incumbent exercises judgment in applying legislative provisions and FFP policies to assigned responsibilities, regarding FFP programming for the Venezuela Regional Crisis.

At the GS-14 equivalent level, the incumbent exercises considerable independent judgment in determining the application of current legislative provisions and executive policies to assigned responsibilities regarding the Venezuela Regional Crisis. In order to achieve maximum impact of FFP resources, when necessary, the incumbent is expected to conceive of and propose innovative program and/or policy changes that are consistent with existing legislation, regulations, and legal rulings. Additionally, the incumbent is expected to identify and recommend solutions to inefficiencies or inconsistencies in FFP's programming for the Venezuela Regional Crisis that serve as barriers to the accomplishment of assigned tasks and report them to the supervisor and FFP leadership.

**Complexity:**

At the GS-13 and GS-14 equivalent levels, the incumbent undertakes a wide range of duties that require the exercise of judgment and the interpretation of policies and practices and their relevance to a new problem or situation. The incumbent typically identifies and develops methods to resolve problems or cope with issues which directly affect the accomplishment of FFP's program goals and objectives regarding the Venezuela Regional Crisis.

At the GS-13 equivalent level, the incumbent typically identifies and develops methods to resolve problems or cope with issues which directly affect the accomplishment of FFP's program goals and objectives related to the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent reports on findings and will recommend follow-up actions, when necessary, to ensure programs are implemented in a manner consistent with legislative, regulatory and policy guidelines, and to maximize effectiveness. The incumbent undertakes a wide range of duties that require the exercise of

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judgment, the interpretation of policies and practices with relevance to new problems or situations as it related to the Venezuela Regional Crisis.

At the GS-14 equivalent level, the incumbent applies his/her depth and breadth of emergency food assistance knowledge and experience to the analysis of FFP emergency and nutrition food assistance programs. He/she also exercises more independence in promoting the integration of food assistance with other programs by coordinating with the country teams that are affected by the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent is also responsible for providing recommendations to address any challenges which inhibit the efficient use of USG resources to provide lifesaving food assistance in the region. The recommended changes must be consistent with existing legislative, regulatory, and policy guidelines but may require the formulation and application of new approaches and methodologies. The incumbent is expected to be innovative and original in recommending new or improved approaches to achieve problem resolution.

**Scope and Effect:**

At the GS-13 equivalent level, the work typically includes reporting on food security issues, including changes in the food security situation and food assistance requirements in countries affected by the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent also reports on government policies and actions affecting food assistance programs, as well as donor pledges. The incumbent supports the Regional Team Leader in his/her needs regarding monitoring, reporting, and strategic planning, as it relates to ongoing FFP programs and by attending a range of meetings/consultations with stakeholders. The incumbent also establishes and maintains positive relationships with members of PIOs, NGOs, from other bureaus in USAID, intergovernmental agencies, and other stakeholders, to encourage the sharing of best practices. The incumbent provides guidance to FFP assistance award recipients on related regulations, policies, procedures, and serves as a point of contact for issues pertaining to FFP food assistance for a variety of stakeholders.

At the GS-14 equivalent level, the incumbent serves as a point of contact in order to coordinate with the country team, thus increasing the effectiveness of the ongoing FFP programs overall. The incumbent works to resolve critical problems or develop new theories affecting the work of other experts or the well-being of substantial numbers of people. Additionally, at the request of the DART and USAID Mission, the incumbent may be required to provide support for the execution of programs, while analyzing the effectiveness of existing processes and procedures. Upon such analysis, the incumbent makes recommendations to his or her supervisor and should advise FFP leadership on new guidelines, protocols, and procedures.

**Personal Contacts:**

At the GS-13 equivalent level, contacts are with individuals or groups outside of USAID in highly unstructured settings. Contacts may include representatives from including PIOs, NGOs, and intergovernmental agencies. The incumbent coordinates closely with FFP/Washington and field staff, the members of the USAID DART, USAID Mission and regional offices, U.S. Embassy, other U.S. Agencies, as well as NGO representatives. The incumbent interacts with these colleagues to provide program briefings and/or technical guidance on matters related to food security and nutrition related activities.

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In addition to personal contacts at the GS-13 equivalent level, at the GS-14 equivalent level, contacts are individuals or groups in context relating to the Venezuela Regional Crisis. The incumbent is responsible for liaising with awardees and other donors to coordinate food security related activities. The incumbent is also responsible for the coordination of food security and nutrition related activities with awardees and other donors to ensure clear understanding of USAID/FFP programs and USG emergency and nutrition food assistance programs.

**Purpose of Contacts:**

At the GS-13 equivalent level, the incumbent must be skillful in determining the appropriate approach in negotiating and persuading others, and in establishing rapport in order to gain and relay information. The incumbent liaises with awardees and donors to ensure clear understanding of FFP's programs and priorities in the region. Typically, the incumbent consults with other professional or technical personnel to develop objectives in more detail and to reconcile conflicts.

At the GS-14 equivalent level, the incumbent must negotiate and secure authorization for assistance programs for the Venezuela Regional Response; determine the appropriateness and effectiveness of USAID's assistance in the region's Mission; develop complementarity amongst donors in assistance efforts; provide guidance on program design and implementation; and provide briefings on the status of programs.

**13. WORK ENVIRONMENT AND PHYSICAL DEMANDS:**

Work is primarily performed in an office setting. During long-term travel for FFP, 30 days or more in a calendar year, the work may additionally involve special safety and/or security precautions, wearing of protective equipment, and exposure to severe weather conditions.

The work is generally sedentary and does not pose undue physical demands. During deployment on DARTs (if required), and during site visits, there may be some additional physical exertion including long periods of standing, walking over rough terrain, or carrying of moderate heavy items (less than 50 pounds).

**14. START DATE:** Immediately, once necessary clearances are obtained.

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**II. MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR THIS POSITION**

**EDUCATION/EXPERIENCE REQUIRED FOR THIS POSITION**

(Determines basic eligibility for the position. Offerors who do not meet all of the education and experience factors are considered NOT qualified for the position.)

***At the GS-13 Equivalent Level:***

A Bachelor's degree from an accredited U.S. or internationally recognized institution with significant study in, but not limited to, public health, agriculture, nutrition, economics, international development, humanitarian assistance, or other related field. The successful candidate will have a total of at least seven (7) years of progressively responsible experience in humanitarian assistance and/or international development, of which two (2) years' experience must be related to food security programs. Two (2) years of overseas professional experience is required.

**AND**

Demonstrated knowledge of Spanish language skills are required; advanced skills desired.

**OR**

A Master's degree from an accredited U.S. or internationally recognized institution with significant study in, but not limited to, public health, agriculture, nutrition, economics, international development, humanitarian assistance, or other related field. The successful candidate will have a total of at least six (6) years of progressively responsible experience in humanitarian assistance and/or international development, of which two (2) years' experience must be related to food security programs. Two (2) years of overseas professional experience is required.

**AND**

Demonstrated knowledge of Spanish language skills are required; advanced skills desired.

***At the GS-14 Equivalent Level:***

A Bachelor's degree from an accredited U.S. or internationally recognized institution with significant study in, but not limited to, public health, agriculture, nutrition, economics, international development, humanitarian assistance, or other related field. The successful candidate will have a total of at least eight (8) years of progressively responsible experience in humanitarian assistance and/or international development, of which four (4) years' experience must be related to food security programs. Two (2) years of overseas professional experience is required.

**AND**

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Demonstrated knowledge of Spanish language skills are required; advanced skills desired.

**OR**

A Master's degree from an accredited U.S. or internationally recognized institution with significant study in, but not limited to, public health, agriculture, nutrition, economics, international development, humanitarian assistance, or other related field. The successful candidate will have a total of at least seven (7) years of progressively responsible experience in humanitarian assistance and/or international development, of which four (4) years' experience must be related to food security programs. Two (2) years of overseas professional experience is required.

**AND**

Demonstrated knowledge of Spanish language skills are required; advanced skills desired.

**III. EVALUATION AND SELECTION FACTORS**

The Government may award a contract without discussions with offerors in accordance with FAR 52.215-1. The CO reserves the right at any point in the evaluation process to establish a competitive range of offerors with whom negotiations will be conducted pursuant to FAR 15.306(c). In accordance with FAR 52.215-1, if the CO determines that the number of offers that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the CO may limit the number of offerors in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated offers. FAR provisions of this solicitation are available at <https://www.acquisition.gov/browse/index/far>.

**SELECTION FACTORS**

(Determines basic eligibility for the position. Offerors who do not meet all of the selection factors are considered NOT qualified for the position.)

- Offeror is a U.S. Citizen;
- Submission of a current resume, with complete contact information. See cover page for resume requirements;
- Supplemental document specifically addressing the QRFs;
- USPSC Application form AID 309-2. Offerors are required to complete sections A through I. This form must be physically signed and scanned. **Electronic signatures will not be accepted;**
- Ability to obtain and maintain a Secret level clearance up to Top Secret/Sensitive Compartmented Information level clearance within a nine month period after offer acceptance;
- Ability to obtain a Department of State medical clearance within a three month period after offer acceptance;

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- Must not appear as an excluded party in the System for Award Management (SAM.gov); and
- Satisfactory verification of academic credentials.

Offerors not meeting minimum qualifications will not be evaluated further.

**QUALITY RANKING FACTORS (QRFs)**

Offerors who meet the Education/Experience requirements and Selection Factors will be further evaluated based on the QRFs listed below. In 500 words or less, the offeror will address each factor on a separate sheet describing specifically and accurately the experience, training, and/or education they have that is relevant to each factor. Please provide a word count after each response. Offerors must be sure to include their name and the announcement number at the top of each additional page.

- QRF 1. Knowledge of the various Private Voluntary Organizations (PVOs), United Nations agencies, host governments, and USG Agencies involved in humanitarian assistance, the humanitarian architecture under which these actors operate, and a demonstrated ability to work effectively with personnel from these organizations on highly sensitive issues, in 500 words or less. (25 points)
- QRF 2. Demonstrated knowledge of, and experience working on, the key policy and technical issues related to emergency food security programming in developing countries and/or conflict settings, in 500 words or less. (20 points)
- QRF 3. Demonstrated ability to review proposals, analyze budgets, manage USG or other agency financial agreements, and work through the USG grant award or procurement, in 500 words or less. (15 points)
- QRF 4. Ability to communicate complex technical issues effectively to non-specialists both orally and in writing, in 500 words or less. (15 points)

Total Possible QRF Points: 75 points

Total Possible Interview Points: 25 points

Satisfactory Professional Reference Checks: Pass/Fail

**Total Possible Points: 100**

**BASIS OF RATING:** Offerors who meet the Education/Experience requirements and Selection Factors will be further evaluated based on scoring of the QRF responses. Those offerors determined to be competitively ranked will be evaluated on interview performance and satisfactory professional reference checks.

Failure to address the selection factors and/or QRFs may result in not receiving credit for all pertinent experience, education, and/or training.

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The most qualified candidates will be interviewed. Please be advised that FFP will not pay for any expenses associated with the interviews. Professional references and academic credentials will be evaluated for offerors being considered for selection. Please be advised that references may be obtained independently from other sources in addition to the ones provided by an offeror. FFP reserves the right to select additional candidates to fill possible future vacant positions.

**IV. SUBMITTING AN OFFER**

Offers must be **received** by the closing date and time at the address specified in the cover letter.

Offerors are **required** to submit:

- 1. Complete, current resume.** See cover page for resume requirements.
- 2. Supplemental document specifically addressing the QRFs** shown in the solicitation.
- 3. USPSC Application form AID 309-2.** Offerors are required to complete sections A through I. This form must be physically signed and scanned. **Electronic signatures will not be accepted.**

Additional documents submitted will not be accepted.

*By submitting your offer materials, you certify that all of the information on and attached to the offer is true, correct, complete, and made in good faith. You agree to allow all information on and attached to the offer to be investigated.*

False or fraudulent information on or attached to your offer may result in you being eliminated from consideration for this position, or being terminated after award, and may be punishable by fine or imprisonment.

To ensure consideration of offers for the intended position, please reference the solicitation number and the position you are applying for on your offer, and as the subject line in any email.

**DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS**

**Via email:** [ffprecruitmentteam@usaid.gov](mailto:ffprecruitmentteam@usaid.gov)

**NOTE:** If the full security application package is not submitted within 30 days after the Office of Security determines eligibility, the offer may be rescinded. If a Secret security clearance is not obtained within nine months after offer acceptance, the offer may be rescinded. If Top Secret is required, and clearance is not obtained within nine months after award, USAID may terminate the contract at the convenience of the government. If Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) access is not obtained within nine months after Top Secret clearance is granted, USAID may terminate the contract at the convenience of the government.

**NOTE:** If the full medical clearance package is not submitted within one month after offer

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acceptance, the offer may be rescinded. If a Department of State medical clearance is not obtained within three months after offer acceptance, the offer may be rescinded.

**NOTE REGARDING GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS FOR THIS SOLICITATION**

This solicitation in no way obligates USAID to award a PSC contract, nor does it commit USAID to pay any cost incurred in the preparation and submission of the offer.

**NOTE REGARDING DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBERS  
AND THE SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT**

All USPSCs with a place of performance in the United States are required to have a Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number and be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database prior to receiving an offer. You will be disqualified if you either fail to comply with this requirement or if your name appears on the excluded parties list. The selectee will be provided with guidance regarding this registration.

**NOTE:** Registration for a DUNS number is **FREE**.

For general information about DUNS Numbers, please refer to Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Clause 52.204-6, Data Universal Numbering System Number at [https://www.acquisition.gov/far/current/html/52\\_200\\_206.html](https://www.acquisition.gov/far/current/html/52_200_206.html) and FAR 52.204-7, System for Award Management at [https://www.acquisition.gov/far/current/html/52\\_200\\_206.html](https://www.acquisition.gov/far/current/html/52_200_206.html) or [www.sam.gov](http://www.sam.gov).

Interested offerors are highly encouraged to initiate the registration process early in the offer stage to avoid any delays during contract award.

**V. LIST OF REQUIRED FORMS FOR PSCs**

The CO will provide instructions about how to complete and submit the following forms after an offeror is selected for the contract award.

Forms outlined below can found at:

<http://www.usaid.gov/forms/> or at <http://www.forms.gov/bgfPortal/main.do>

1. Complete, current resume.
2. Supplemental Document addressing QRFs.
3. USPSC Application Form (AID 309-2).
4. Medical History and Examination Form (DS-6561).
5. Questionnaire for Sensitive Positions (for National Security) (SF-86), or
6. Questionnaire for Non-Sensitive Positions (SF-85).
7. Finger Print Card (FD-258).
8. Employment Eligibility Verification (I-9 Form).

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**\*\*Forms 4-8 shall be completed ONLY upon the advice of the Contracting Officer that an offeror is the successful candidate for the job.**

**CONTRACT INFORMATION BULLETINS (CIBs) and ACQUISITION & ASSISTANCE POLICY DIRECTIVES (AAPDs) PERTAINING TO PSCs**

CIBs and AAPDs contain changes to USAID policy and General Provisions in USAID regulations and contracts. Please refer to <https://www.usaid.gov/work-usaid/aapds-cibs> to determine which CIBs and AAPDs apply to this contract.

AIDAR Appendix D can be found at: <https://www.usaid.gov/ads/policy/300/aidar>

ADS 309 – Personal Services Contracts can be found at:  
<https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1868/309.pdf>

**AAPD 06-10 – PSC MEDICAL PAYMENT RESPONSIBILITY**

AAPD No. 06-10 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 2 to the solicitation.

**AAPD 15-02 – Authorization of Family and Medical Leave for U.S. Personal Services Contractors (USPSCs)**

AAPD No. 15-02 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 3 to the solicitation.

**AAPD 18-02 – Medical Evacuation (MEDEVAC) Services**

AAPD No. 18-02 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 4 to the solicitation.

**FAR 52.222-50 – COMBATING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (Jan 2019)**

FAR Clause 52.222-50 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 5 to the solicitation.

**FAR 52.204-24 – Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Dec 2019)**

FAR Clause 52.204-24 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 6 to the solicitation.

**FAR 52.204-25 – Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Aug 2019)**

FAR Clause 52.204-25 is hereby incorporated as Attachment 7 to the solicitation.

**VI. BENEFITS AND ALLOWANCES**

As a matter of policy, and as appropriate, a USPSC is normally authorized the following benefits and allowances:

**BENEFITS**

- (a) Employer's FICA Contribution
- (b) Contribution toward Health & Life Insurance
- (c) Pay Comparability Adjustment

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- (d) Annual Increase (pending a satisfactory performance evaluation)
- (e) Eligibility for Worker's Compensation
- (f) Annual & Sick Leave

ALLOWANCES (if Applicable) \*

The following allowances may be provided for PSCs located in foreign countries using rates prescribed under the Department of State Standardized Regulations (Government Civilian Foreign areas) available at <https://aoprals.state.gov/>:

- (a) Temporary Quarter Subsistence Allowance (Section 120)
- (b) Living Quarters Allowance (Section 130)
- (c) Cost-of-Living Allowance (Chapter 210)
- (d) Post Allowance (Section 220)
- (e) Separate Maintenance Allowance (Section 260)
- (f) Education Allowance (Section 270)
- (g) Education Travel (Section 280)
- (h) Post Differential (Chapter 500)
- (i) Payments during Evacuation/Authorized Departure (Section 600)
- (j) Danger Pay Allowance (Section 650)

**VII. TAXES**

USPSCs are required to pay Federal income taxes, FICA, Medicare and applicable State Income taxes.

**VIII. USAID REGULATIONS, POLICIES AND CONTRACT CLAUSES PERTAINING TO PSCs**

USAID regulations and policies governing USPSC awards are available at these sources:

1. **USAID Acquisition Regulation (AIDAR), Appendix D**, “Direct USAID Contracts with a U.S. Citizen or a U.S. Resident Alien for Personal Services Abroad,” including **contract clause “General Provisions,”** available at [https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1868/aidar\\_0.pdf](https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1868/aidar_0.pdf).
2. **Contract Cover Page form AID 309-1** available at <https://www.usaid.gov/forms>.
3. Acquisition and Assistance Policy Directives/Contract Information Bulletins (**AAPDs/CIBs**) for Personal Services Contracts with Individuals available at <http://www.usaid.gov/work-usaid/aapds-cibs>.

[The CO must check <http://www.usaid.gov/work-usaid/aapds-cibs> to determine which AAPDs/CIBs apply and insert the relevant text as required.]

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4. **Ethical Conduct.** By the acceptance of a USAID personal services contract as an individual the contractor will be acknowledging receipt of the “**Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch,**” available from the U.S. Office of Government Ethics, in accordance with **General Provision 2** and **5 CFR 2635**. See <https://www.oge.gov/web/oge.nsf/OGE%20Regulations>.

**ALL QUALIFIED OFFERORS WILL BE CONSIDERED REGARDLESS OF AGE, RACE, COLOR, SEX, CREED, NATIONAL ORIGIN, LAWFUL POLITICAL AFFILIATION, NON-DISQUALIFYING DISABILITY, MARITAL STATUS, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, AFFILIATION WITH AN EMPLOYEE ORGANIZATION, OR OTHER NON-MERIT FACTOR.**

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**ATTACHMENT 2**

**MEDICAL EXPENSE PAYMENT RESPONSIBILITY (OCTOBER 2006) (AAPD 06-10)**

(a) Definitions. Terms used in this General Provision are defined in 16 FAM 116 (available at <http://www.foia.state.gov/REGS/fams.asp?level=2&id=59&fam=0>). Note: personal services contractors are not eligible to participate in the Federal Employees Health Programs.

(b) The regulations in the Foreign Affairs Manual, Volume 16, Chapter 520 (16 FAM 520), Responsibility for Payment of Medical Expenses, apply to this contract, except as stated below. The contractor and each eligible family member are strongly encouraged to obtain health insurance that covers this assignment. Nothing in this provision supersedes or contradicts any other term or provision in this contract that pertains to insurance or medical costs, except that section (e) supplements General Provision 25. “MEDICAL EVACUATION (MEDEVAC) SERVICES.”

(c) When the contractor or eligible family member is covered by health insurance, that insurance is the primary payer for medical services provided to that contractor or eligible family member(s) both in the United States and abroad. The primary insurer’s liability is determined by the terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions of the insurance policy. When the contractor or eligible family member is not covered by health insurance, the contractor is the primary payer for the total amount of medical costs incurred and the U.S. Government has no payment obligation (see paragraph (f) of this provision).

(d) USAID serves as a secondary payer for medical expenses of the contractor and eligible family members who are covered by health insurance, where the following conditions are met:

- (1) The illness, injury, or medical condition giving rise to the expense is incurred, caused, or materially aggravated while the eligible individual is stationed or assigned abroad;
- (2) The illness, injury, or medical condition giving rise to the expense required or requires hospitalization and the expense is directly related to the treatment of such illness, injury, or medical condition, including obstetrical care; and
- (3) The Office of Medical Services (M/MED) or a Foreign Service medical provider (FSMP) determines that the treatment is appropriate for, and directly related to, the illness, injury, or medical condition.

(e) The Mission Director may, on the advice of M/MED or an FSMP at post, authorize medical travel for the contractor or an eligible family member in accordance with the General Provision 10, Travel and Transportation AAPD 06-10 PSC Medical Expense Payment Responsibility 6 Expenses (July 1993), section (i) entitled “Emergency and Irregular Travel and Transportation.” In the event of a medical emergency, when time does not permit consultation, the Mission Director may issue a Travel Authorization Form or Medical Services Authorization Form DS-3067, provided that the FSMP or Post Medical Advisor (PMA) is notified as soon as possible following such an issuance. The contractor must promptly file a claim with his or her medevac insurance provider and repay to USAID any amount the medevac insurer pays for medical travel, up to the

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amount USAID paid under this section. The contractor must repay USAID for medical costs paid by the medevac insurer in accordance with sections (f) and (g) below. In order for medical travel to be an allowable cost under General Provision 10, the contractor must provide USAID written evidence that medevac insurance does not cover these medical travel costs.

(f) If the contractor or eligible family member is not covered by primary health insurance, the contractor is the primary payer for the total amount of medical costs incurred. In the event of a medical emergency, the Medical and Health Program may authorize issuance of Form DS-3067, Authorization for Medical Services for Employees and/or Dependents, to secure admission to a hospital located abroad for the uninsured contractor or eligible family member.

In that case, the contractor will be required to reimburse USAID in full for funds advanced by USAID pursuant to the issuance of the authorization. The contractor may reimburse USAID directly or USAID may offset the cost from the contractor's invoice payments under this contract, any other contract the individual has with the U.S. Government, or through any other available debt collection mechanism.

(g) When USAID pays medical expenses (e.g., pursuant to Form DS-3067, Authorization for Medical Services for Employees and/or Dependents), repayment must be made to USAID either by insurance payment or directly by the contractor, except for the amount of such expenses USAID is obligated to pay under this provision. The Contracting Officer will determine the repayment amount in accordance with the terms of this provision and the policies and procedures for employees contained in 16 FAM 521. When USAID pays the medical expenses, including medical travel costs (see section (e) above), of an individual (either the contractor or an eligible family member) who is covered by insurance, that individual promptly must claim his or her benefits under any applicable insurance policy or policies. As soon as the individual receives the insurance payment, the contractor must reimburse USAID for the full amount that USAID paid on the individual's behalf or the repayment amount determined by the Contracting Officer in accordance with this paragraph, whichever is less. If an individual is not covered by insurance, the contractor must reimburse USAID for the entire amount of all medical expenses and any travel costs the contractor receives from his/her medevac provider.

(h) In the event that the contractor or eligible family member fails to recover insurance payments or transfer the amount of such payments to USAID within 90 days, USAID will take appropriate action to collect the payments due, unless such failure is for reasons beyond the control of the USPSC/dependent.

(i) Before departing post or terminating the contract, the contractor must settle all medical expense and medical travel costs. If the contractor is insured, he or she must provide proof to the Contracting Officer that those insurance claims have been submitted to the insurance carrier(s) and sign a repayment agreement to repay to USAID any amounts paid by the insurance carrier(s).

[END OF PROVISION]

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**ATTACHMENT 3**

**AUTHORIZATION OF FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE FOR U.S. PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTORS (USPSCs)**

**GP 5. LEAVE AND HOLIDAYS (DEC 2017)  
(Pursuant to Class Deviation #M/OAA-DEV-AIDAR-20-2c)**

**(a) Annual Leave.**

(1) The contractor is not entitled to annual leave if the period of performance of this contract is 90 days or less. If the contract period of performance is more than 90 days, the contractor shall earn annual leave as of the start date of the contract period of performance as specified in paragraph (a)(2) below.

(2) The contractor shall accrue annual leave based on the contractor's time in service according to the following table:

Time in Service	Annual Leave (AL) Accrual Calculation
0 to 3 years	Four hours of leave for each two week period
over 3, and up to 15 years	Six hours of AL for each two week period (including 10 hours AL for the final pay period of a calendar year)
over 15 years	Eight hours of AL for each two week period

USAID will calculate the contractor's time in service based on all the previous service performed by the contractor as a: 1) USAID PSC (i.e., the contractor has served under any USAID personal services contracts of any duration covered by Sec. 636(a)(3) of the FAA or other statutory provision applicable to USAID); and/or 2) former U.S. Government (USG) direct-hire, under either civilian and/or military service.

(3)

(i) AL is provided under this contract for the purposes of affording necessary rest and recreation during the period of performance. The contractor, in consultation with the USAID Mission or USAID/Washington, as appropriate, shall develop an AL schedule early in the contractor's period of performance, taking into consideration project requirements, employee preference, and other factors. All AL earned by the contractor must be used during the contractor's period of performance. All AL earned by the contractor, but not taken by the end of the contract, will be forfeited. However, to prevent forfeiture of AL, the Contracting Officer may approve the contractor taking AL during the concluding weeks of the contractor's period of performance.

(ii) As an exception to 3(i) above, the contractor may receive a lump-sum payment for leave not taken. To approve this exception, the contractor's supervisor must provide the Contracting Officer with a signed, written Determination and Findings (D&F). The D&F must set out the facts and circumstances that prevented the contractor from taking AL, and the Contracting Officer must find that these facts and circumstances were not caused by,

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or were beyond the control of, the contractor. This leave payment must not exceed the number of days which could be earned by the contractor during a twelve-month period.

(4) With the approval of the Mission Director or cognizant AA, as appropriate, and if the circumstances warrant, a Contracting Officer may grant the contractor advance AL in excess of the amount earned, but in no case may the Contracting Officer grant advance AL in excess of the amount earned in one year or over the life of the contract, whichever is less. The contractor agrees to reimburse USAID for any outstanding balance of advance AL provided during the contractor's assignment under the contract.

(5) Offerors for PSC positions will provide evidence of their PSC and/or USG direct-hire service - civilian and/or military experience, as applicable, on their signed and dated application form required under USAID policy. By signing the appropriate form, the offeror attests to the accuracy of the information provided. Any offeror providing incorrect information is subject to the penalty provisions in the form. If required to satisfy due diligence requirements on behalf of the Contracting Officer, the contractor may be required to furnish evidence that verifies length of service, e.g., SF 50, DD Form 214, and/or signed contracts.

**(b) Sick Leave.**

The contractor may use sick leave on the same basis and for the same purposes as USAID U.S. direct hire employees. Sick leave is earned at a rate not to exceed four (4) hours every two (2) weeks for a total of 13 work-days per year. Unused sick leave may be carried over under an extension or renewal of this contract with the same individual for the same work. Otherwise, sick leave will not be carried over from one post to another or from one contract to another. The contractor will not be compensated for unused sick leave upon completion of this contract.

**(c) Home Leave.**

(1) Home leave is leave earned for service abroad for use only in the U.S., its commonwealths, possessions and territories.

(2) A USPSC who has served at least two years overseas at the same USAID Mission, under the same contract, as defined in paragraph (c)(4) below, and has not taken more than 30 work days leave (annual, sick or LWOP) in the U.S. may be granted home leave in accordance with the following:

(i) if the USPSC returns to the same overseas post upon completion of home leave for an additional two (2) years under the same contract, the USPSC will receive home leave, to be taken at one time, for a period of 30 work days; or  
if the USPSC returns to the same overseas post upon completion of home leave for such shorter period of not less than one year, as approved in writing by the Mission Director prior to the USPSC's departure on home leave, the USPSC will receive home leave, to be taken at one time, for a period of 30 work days.

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(ii) if the USPSC is returning to a different USAID Mission under a USAID personal services contract immediately following completion of the USPSC's home leave, for an additional two (2) years under contract, or for such shorter period of not less than one (1) year, as approved by the Mission Directors of the "losing" and "gaining" Missions, the contractor will receive home leave, to be taken at one time, for a period of not more than 20 work days. When the PSC is returning to a different USAID Mission, the former Mission will pay for the home leave regardless of what country the PSC will be working in following the home leave;

(iii) if home leave eligibility is based on (c)(2)(ii) above, the USPSC must submit written verification to the losing Mission at the time home leave is requested that the USPSC has accepted a USAID personal services contract at another USAID Mission following completion of the home leave;

(iv) travel time by the most direct route is authorized in addition to the number of work days authorized for home leave;

(v) home leave must be taken in the U.S., its commonwealths, possessions or territories, and any days spent elsewhere will be charged to annual leave (AL.) If the PSC does not have accrued AL, the PSC will be placed on LWOP.

(vi) if the PSC does not complete the additional service required under (c)(2)(i) or (ii) (that the Contracting Officer finds are other than for reasons beyond the PSC's control), the cost of home leave, travel and transportation and any other related costs must be repaid by the PSC to the Government.

(3) Notwithstanding the requirement in paragraph (c)(2) above, that the USPSC must have served two (2) years overseas under personal services contract with the same Mission to be eligible for home leave, the USPSC may be granted advance home leave subject to all of the following conditions:

(i) Granting of advanced home leave would in each case serve to advance the attainment of the objectives of this contract; and

(ii) The USPSC has served a minimum of 18 months in the Cooperating Country under this contract; and

(iii) The USPSC agrees to return to the Cooperating Country to serve out the remaining time necessary to meet two (2) years of service overseas, plus an additional two (2) years under the current contract or under a new contract for the same or similar services at the same Mission. If approved in advance by the Mission Director, the USPSC may return to serve out any remainder of the two (2) year requirement for service overseas, plus an additional period of not less than one (1) year under the current contract or under a new contract for the same or similar services at the same Mission.

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(4) The period of service overseas required under paragraph (c)(2), or paragraph (c)(3) above, will include the actual days in orientation in the U.S. (less language training). The actual days overseas begin on the date of arrival in the cooperating country inclusive of authorized delays enroute. Allowable annual and sick leave taken while overseas, but not LWOP, shall be included in the required period of service overseas. An amount equal to the number of days of annual and sick leave taken in the U.S., its commonwealths, possessions or territories will be added to the required period of service overseas.

(5) Salary during the travel to and from the U.S., for home leave will be limited to the time required for travel by the most expeditious air route. Except for reasons beyond the USPSC's control as determined by the Contracting Officer, the USPSC must return to duty after home leave and complete the additional required service or be responsible for reimbursing USAID for payments made during home leave. Unused home leave is not reimbursable under this contract, nor can it be taken incrementally in separate time periods.

(6) Home leave must be taken at one time, and to the extent deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer, an USPSC in the U.S., on home leave may be authorized to spend not more than five (5) days in work status for consultation at USAID/Washington before returning to post. Consultation at locations other than USAID/Washington as well as any time in excess of five (5) days spent for consultation must be approved by the Mission Director or the Contracting Officer.

**(d) Home Leave for Qualifying Posts (HLQP).**

USPSCs who ordinarily qualify for home leave and have completed a 12-month assignment at one of the USAID qualifying posts (currently Iraq, Afghanistan and Pakistan) are entitled to take ten (10) workdays of leave in addition to the home leave an USPSCs is normally entitled to under the contract in accordance with sub-paragraphs (c)(1) - (6) above. This additional home leave is provided pursuant to an amendment to the Foreign Service Act of 1980 signed by the President on June 15, 2006.

There is no requirement that an eligible USPSC take this additional leave; it is for optional use by the USPSC. If an eligible USPSC elects to take HLQP, the USPSC must take ten (10) workdays of home leave. If the USPSC is returning to the United States and not returning overseas to the same or different USAID Mission, HLQP will not apply.

This new home leave policy is also extended to qualifying **Third-Country National PSCs (TCNPSCs)** who have an approved exception under AIDAR Appendix J, sec. 4(c)(2)(ii)(B), to apply specific provisions from AIDAR Appendix D, and whose contract includes this General Provision. However, TCNPSCs will be granted "country leave" vice home leave. The application, requirements, and restrictions will be the same as for USPSCs, but the time taken by a TCNPSC will be taken in the TCNPSC's home country or country of recruitment rather than in the United States, its commonwealths and territories.

**(e) Holidays and Excused Absences.**

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The contractor shall be entitled to all holidays and or excused absences granted by the USAID to U.S. direct-hire employees.

**(f) Military Leave.**

Military leave of not more than 15 calendar days in any calendar year may be granted to a contractor who is a reservist of the U.S. Armed Forces. The contractor must provide advance notice of the pending military leave to the Contracting Officer or the Mission Director as soon as known. A copy of any such notice must be part of the contract file.

**(g) Leave Without Pay (LWOP).**

LWOP may be granted only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer or Mission Director, unless a USPSC is requesting for such leave for family and leave purposes under paragraph (i) below.

**(h) Compensatory Time.**

Compensatory time leave may be granted only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer or Mission Director in rare instances when it has been determined absolutely essential and used under those guidelines which apply to USAID U.S. direct-hire employees.

**(i) Family and Medical Leave (FML)**

- (1) USAID provides family and medical leave (FML) for eligible USPSCs working within the U.S., or any Territories or possession of the United States, in accordance with Title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, and as administered by the Department of Labor under [29 CFR 825](#). USAID is also extending FML to eligible USPSCs working outside the U.S., or any Territories or possession of the U.S., in accordance with this paragraph (i) as a matter of policy discretion.
- (2) FML only applies to USPSCs, not any other type of PSC.
- (3) To be eligible for FML, a USPSC must have been employed (i) for at least 12 months by USAID; and (ii) for at least 1,250 hours of service with USAID during the previous 12-month period. The specific eligibility criteria and requirements are provided in USAID policy.
- (4) In accordance with [29 CFR 825.200\(a\)](#) and USAID policy, an eligible USPSC may take up to 12 workweeks of leave under FMLA, Title I, in any 12-month period for the following reasons:
  - (a) The care of the USPSC's newborn child.
  - (b) The care of the USPSC's newly placed adopted or foster care child.
  - (c) The care of the USPSC's spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition.
  - (d) The USPSC's own serious health condition.
  - (e) A qualifying exigency arising from the USPSC's spouse, child or parent in active duty military status.
  - (f) Other qualifying exigencies as determined by the Department of Labor.

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- (5) In accordance with 29 CFR Part 825.207, the USPSC may take LWOP for FML purposes. However, the USPSC may choose to substitute LWOP with accrued paid leave, including accrued annual or sick leave, or compensatory time earned under this contract. If the USPSC does not choose to substitute accrued paid leave, the CO, in consultation with the USPSC's supervisor, may require the USPSC to substitute accrued paid leave for LWOP. The CO must verify the accuracy of the USPSC's accrued paid leave request and obtain the required certifications for approval of FML in accordance with the stated USAID policy.
- (6) FML is not authorized for any period beyond the completion date of this contract.
- (7) When requesting FML, the USPSC must demonstrate eligibility to the USPSC's supervisor by completing USAID's FML request forms, including certifications and other supporting documents required by USAID policy.
- (8) The U.S. Department of Labor's (DOL's) [Wage and Hour Division \(WHD\) Publication 1420](#) explains the FMLA's provisions and provides information concerning procedures for filing complaints for violations of the Act.

**(j) Leave Records.**

The contractor shall maintain current leave records for himself/herself and make them available, as requested by the Mission Director or the Contracting Officer.

[END OF PROVISION]

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**ATTACHMENT 4**

**Title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Chapter 7  
USAID Acquisition Regulation (AIDAR)**

**APPENDIX D--DIRECT USAID CONTRACTS WITH A U.S. CITIZEN OR A U.S.  
RESIDENT ALIEN FOR PERSONAL SERVICES ABROAD**

**GP 25. MEDICAL EVACUATION (MEDEVAC) SERVICES (DEC 2019)  
(Pursuant to Class Deviation #M/OAA-DEV-AIDAR-20-3c)**

A contractor who is required to relocate abroad and accompanying eligible family members; or a contractor on official travel status abroad on temporary duty or training, will be provided Medevac services through the Department of State, Bureau of Medical Services, similar to that provided to U.S. Government employees in 16 FAM 300 Medical Travel. Medevac costs that will be covered by USAID include travel and per diem, but do not include medical care costs.

To be eligible for Medevac services covered by the Department of State Medevac program, the contractor and accompanying eligible family members must obtain and maintain international health insurance coverage in accordance with the clause of the contractor entitled, “Insurance.”

[END OF CLAUSE]

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**ATTACHMENT 5**

**52.222-50 COMBATING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (JAN 2019)**

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—

“*Agent*” means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.

“*Coercion*” means—

(1) Threats of serious harm to or physical restraint against any person;

(2) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an act would result in serious harm to or physical restraint against any person; or

(3) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.

“*Commercial sex act*” means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.

(1) Any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

(i) A commercial item (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition at FAR 2.101);

(ii) Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

(iii) Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in 46 U.S.C. 40102(4), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

“*Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item*” means—

“*Debt bondage*” means the status or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of his or her personal services or of those of a person under his or her control as a security for debt, if the value of those services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined.

“*Employee*” means an employee of the Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under the contract who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.

“*Forced Labor*” means knowingly providing or obtaining the labor or services of a person—

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(1) By threats of serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that person or another person;

(2) By means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause the person to believe that, if the person did not perform such labor or services, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or

(3) By means of the abuse or threatened abuse of law or the legal process.

“*Involuntary servitude*” includes a condition of servitude induced by means of—

(1) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that, if the person did not enter into or continue in such conditions, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or

(2) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.

“*Recruitment fees*” means fees of any type, including charges, costs, assessments, or other financial obligations, that are associated with the recruiting process, regardless of the time, manner, or location of imposition or collection of the fee.

(1) Recruitment fees include, but are not limited to, the following fees (when they are associated with the recruiting process) for—

(i) Soliciting, identifying, considering, interviewing, referring, retaining, transferring, selecting, training, providing orientation to, skills testing, recommending, or placing employees or potential employees;

(ii) Advertising;

(iii) Obtaining permanent or temporary labor certification, including any associated fees;

(iv) Processing applications and petitions;

(v) Acquiring visas, including any associated fees;

(vi) Acquiring photographs and identity or immigration documents, such as passports, including any associated fees;

(vii) Accessing the job opportunity, including required medical examinations and immunizations; background, reference, and security clearance checks and examinations; and additional certifications;

(viii) An employer's recruiters, agents or attorneys, or other notary or legal fees;

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(ix) Language interpretation or translation, arranging for or accompanying on travel, or providing other advice to employees or potential employees;

(x) Government-mandated fees, such as border crossing fees, levies, or worker welfare funds;

(xi) Transportation and subsistence costs—

(A) While in transit, including, but not limited to, airfare or costs of other modes of transportation, terminal fees, and travel taxes associated with travel from the country of origin to the country of performance and the return journey upon the end of employment; and

(B) From the airport or disembarkation point to the worksite;

(xii) Security deposits, bonds, and insurance; and

(xiii) Equipment charges.

(2) A recruitment fee, as described in the introductory text of this definition, is a recruitment fee, regardless of whether the payment is—

(i) Paid in property or money;

(ii) Deducted from wages;

(iii) Paid back in wage or benefit concessions;

(iv) Paid back as a kickback, bribe, in-kind payment, free labor, tip, or tribute; or

(v) Collected by an employer or a third party, whether licensed or unlicensed, including, but not limited to—

(A) Agents;

(B) Labor brokers;

(C) Recruiters;

(D) Staffing firms (including private employment and placement firms);

(E) Subsidiaries/affiliates of the employer;

(F) Any agent or employee of such entities; and

(G) Subcontractors at all tiers.

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“*Severe forms of trafficking*” in persons means—

(1) Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or

(2) The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

“*Sex trafficking*” means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act.

“*Subcontract*” means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.

“*Subcontractor*” means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

“*United States*” means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) *Policy.* The United States Government has adopted a policy prohibiting trafficking in persons including the trafficking-related activities of this clause. Contractors, contractor employees, and their agents shall not—

(1) Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of performance of the contract;

(2) Procure commercial sex acts during the period of performance of the contract;

(3) Use forced labor in the performance of the contract;

(4) Destroy, conceal, confiscate, or otherwise deny access by an employee to the employee's identity or immigration documents, such as passports or drivers' licenses, regardless of issuing authority;

(5) (i) Use misleading or fraudulent practices during the recruitment of employees or offering of employment, such as failing to disclose, in a format and language understood by the employee or potential employee, basic information or making material misrepresentations during the recruitment of employees regarding the key terms and conditions of employment, including wages and fringe benefits, the location of work, the living conditions, housing and associated costs (if employer or agent provided or arranged), any significant costs to be charged to the employee or potential employee, and, if applicable, the hazardous nature of the work;

(ii) Use recruiters that do not comply with local labor laws of the country in which the recruiting takes place;

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(6) Charge employees or potential employees recruitment fees;

(7) (i) Fail to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation upon the end of employment—

(A) For an employee who is not a national of the country in which the work is taking place and who was brought into that country for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract (for portions of contracts performed outside the United States); or

(B) For an employee who is not a United States national and who was brought into the United States for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract, if the payment of such costs is required under existing temporary worker programs or pursuant to a written agreement with the employee (for portions of contracts performed inside the United States); except that—

(ii) The requirements of paragraphs (b)(7)(i) of this clause shall not apply to an employee who is—

(A) Legally permitted to remain in the country of employment and who chooses to do so; or

(B) Exempted by an authorized official of the contracting agency from the requirement to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation;

(iii) The requirements of paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this clause are modified for a victim of trafficking in persons who is seeking victim services or legal redress in the country of employment, or for a witness in an enforcement action related to trafficking in persons. The contractor shall provide the return transportation or pay the cost of return transportation in a way that does not obstruct the victim services, legal redress, or witness activity. For example, the contractor shall not only offer return transportation to a witness at a time when the witness is still needed to testify. This paragraph does not apply when the exemptions at paragraph (b)(7)(ii) of this clause apply.

(8) Provide or arrange housing that fails to meet the host country housing and safety standards;  
or

(9) If required by law or contract, fail to provide an employment contract, recruitment agreement, or other required work document in writing. Such written work document shall be in a language the employee understands. If the employee must relocate to perform the work, the work document shall be provided to the employee at least five days prior to the employee relocating. The employee's work document shall include, but is not limited to, details about work description, wages, prohibition on charging recruitment fees, work location(s), living accommodations and associated costs, time off, roundtrip transportation arrangements, grievance process, and the content of applicable laws and regulations that prohibit trafficking in persons.

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(c) *Contractor requirements.* The Contractor shall—

(1) Notify its employees and agents of—

(i) The United States Government's policy prohibiting trafficking in persons, described in paragraph (b) of this clause; and

(ii) The actions that will be taken against employees or agents for violations of this policy. Such actions for employees may include, but are not limited to, removal from the contract, reduction in benefits, or termination of employment; and

(2) Take appropriate action, up to and including termination, against employees, agents, or subcontractors that violate the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(d) *Notification.* The Contractor shall—

(1) Inform the Contracting Officer and the agency Inspector General immediately of—

(i) Any credible information it receives from any source (including host country law enforcement) that alleges a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent has engaged in conduct that violates the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause (see also 18 U.S.C. 1351, Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting, and 52.203-13(b)(3)(i)(A), if that clause is included in the solicitation or contract, which requires disclosure to the agency Office of the Inspector General when the Contractor has credible evidence of fraud); and

(ii) Any actions taken against a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent pursuant to this clause.

(2) If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Contractor shall inform the contracting officer for the contract with the highest dollar value.

(e) *Remedies.* In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (g), (h), or (i) of this clause may result in—

(1) Requiring the Contractor to remove a Contractor employee or employees from the performance of the contract;

(2) Requiring the Contractor to terminate a subcontract;

(3) Suspension of contract payments until the Contractor has taken appropriate remedial action;

(4) Loss of award fee, consistent with the award fee plan, for the performance period in which the Government determined Contractor non-compliance;

(5) Declining to exercise available options under the contract;

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(6) Termination of the contract for default or cause, in accordance with the termination clause of this contract; or

(7) Suspension or debarment.

(f) *Mitigating and aggravating factors.* When determining remedies, the Contracting Officer may consider the following:

(1) *Mitigating factors.* The Contractor had a Trafficking in Persons compliance plan or an awareness program at the time of the violation, was in compliance with the plan, and has taken appropriate remedial actions for the violation, that may include reparation to victims for such violations.

(2) *Aggravating factors.* The Contractor failed to abate an alleged violation or enforce the requirements of a compliance plan, when directed by the Contracting Officer to do so.

(g) *Full cooperation.* (1) The Contractor shall, at a minimum—

(i) Disclose to the agency Inspector General information sufficient to identify the nature and extent of an offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct;

(ii) Provide timely and complete responses to Government auditors' and investigators' requests for documents;

(iii) Cooperate fully in providing reasonable access to its facilities and staff (both inside and outside the U.S.) to allow contracting agencies and other responsible Federal agencies to conduct audits, investigations, or other actions to ascertain compliance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78), E.O. 13627, or any other applicable law or regulation establishing restrictions on trafficking in persons, the procurement of commercial sex acts, or the use of forced labor; and

(iv) Protect all employees suspected of being victims of or witnesses to prohibited activities, prior to returning to the country from which the employee was recruited, and shall not prevent or hinder the ability of these employees from cooperating fully with Government authorities.

(2) The requirement for full cooperation does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not—

(i) Require the Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine;

(ii) Require any officer, director, owner, employee, or agent of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; or

(iii) Restrict the Contractor from—

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(A) Conducting an internal investigation; or

(B) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

(h) *Compliance plan.* (1) This paragraph (h) applies to any portion of the contract that—

(i) Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and

(ii) Has an estimated value that exceeds \$500,000.

(2) The Contractor shall maintain a compliance plan during the performance of the contract that is appropriate—

(i) To the size and complexity of the contract; and

(ii) To the nature and scope of the activities to be performed for the Government, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons.

(3) *Minimum requirements.* The compliance plan must include, at a minimum, the following:

(i) An awareness program to inform contractor employees about the Government's policy prohibiting trafficking-related activities described in paragraph (b) of this clause, the activities prohibited, and the actions that will be taken against the employee for violations. Additional information about Trafficking in Persons and examples of awareness programs can be found at the Web site for the Department of State's Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons at <http://www.state.gov/j/tip/>.

(ii) A process for employees to report, without fear of retaliation, activity inconsistent with the policy prohibiting trafficking in persons, including a means to make available to all employees the hotline phone number of the Global Human Trafficking Hotline at 1-844-888-FREE and its email address at [help@befree.org](mailto:help@befree.org).

(iii) A recruitment and wage plan that only permits the use of recruitment companies with trained employees, prohibits charging recruitment fees to the employee or potential employee, and ensures that wages meet applicable host-country legal requirements or explains any variance.

(iv) A housing plan, if the Contractor or subcontractor intends to provide or arrange housing, that ensures that the housing meets host-country housing and safety standards.

(v) Procedures to prevent agents and subcontractors at any tier and at any dollar value from engaging in trafficking in persons (including activities in paragraph (b) of this clause) and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agents, subcontracts, or subcontractor employees that have engaged in such activities.

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(4) *Posting.* (i) The Contractor shall post the relevant contents of the compliance plan, no later than the initiation of contract performance, at the workplace (unless the work is to be performed in the field or not in a fixed location) and on the Contractor's Web site (if one is maintained). If posting at the workplace or on the Web site is impracticable, the Contractor shall provide the relevant contents of the compliance plan to each worker in writing.

(ii) The Contractor shall provide the compliance plan to the Contracting Officer upon request.

(5) *Certification.* Annually after receiving an award, the Contractor shall submit a certification to the Contracting Officer that—

(i) It has implemented a compliance plan to prevent any prohibited activities identified at paragraph (b) of this clause and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agent, subcontract or subcontractor employee engaging in prohibited activities; and

(ii) After having conducted due diligence, either—

(A) To the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, neither it nor any of its agents, subcontractors, or their agents is engaged in any such activities; or

(B) If abuses relating to any of the prohibited activities identified in paragraph (b) of this clause have been found, the Contractor or subcontractor has taken the appropriate remedial and referral actions.

(i) *Subcontracts.* (1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (i), in all subcontracts and in all contracts with agents. The requirements in paragraph (h) of this clause apply only to any portion of the subcontract that—

(A) Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and

(B) Has an estimated value that exceeds \$500,000.

(2) If any subcontractor is required by this clause to submit a certification, the Contractor shall require submission prior to the award of the subcontract and annually thereafter. The certification shall cover the items in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause.

[END OF CLAUSE]

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**ATTACHMENT 6**

**52.204-24 REPRESENTATION REGARDING CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (DEC 2019)**

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this provision—

“Covered telecommunications equipment or services”, “Critical technology”, and “Substantial or essential component” have the meanings provided in clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

(b) *Prohibition.* Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Contractors are not prohibited from providing—

(1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(c) *Procedures.* The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (<https://www.sam.gov>) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for “covered telecommunications equipment or services.”

(d) *Representation.* The Offeror represents that—

It  will,  will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation.

(e) *Disclosures.* If the Offeror has represented in paragraph (d) of this provision that it “will” provide covered telecommunications equipment or services, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer -

(1) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment and services offered (include brand; model number, such as original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable);

(2) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b) of this provision;

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(3) For services, the entity providing the covered telecommunications services (include entity name, unique entity identifier, and Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, if known); and

(4) For equipment, the entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known).

[END OF PROVISION]

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**ATTACHMENT 7**

**52.204-25 PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (AUG 2019)**

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Covered foreign country” means The People’s Republic of China.

“Covered telecommunications equipment or services” means—

(1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);

(2) For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);

(3) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or

(4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

“Critical technology” means—

(1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;

(2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled-

(i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

(ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

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(3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

(4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

(5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

(6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

“Substantial or essential component” means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

(b) Prohibition. Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in Federal Acquisition Regulation 4.2104.

(c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing—

(1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(d) Reporting requirement. (1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer, unless elsewhere in this contract are established procedures for reporting the information; in the case of the Department of Defense, the Contractor shall report to the website at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order or, in the case of the Department of Defense,

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identify both the indefinite delivery contract and any affected orders in the report provided at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>.

(2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause

(i) Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

[END OF CLAUSE]